













# PROFILING A VEGETABLE









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#### **General information**

#### Title of the activity

Profiling a vegetable

#### Subject

Biology, Science, career orientation

#### **Keywords**

Evidence Justification Vegetables Senses Interactive

#### Learning outcomes

#### **Teacher learning outcomes:**

- will be able to assess
- will be able to demonstrate the activity

## Transversal skills (max 3 transversal skills)

critical thinking, application skills, reflective thinking, communication skills, media and information literacy.

## Number of participants and target age group

All kinds of teachers (no age, group size 15-20)

#### **Duration**

50 - 90 mins

#### **Short activity description**

As students evaluate evidence presented on cards and identify vegetables they engage in argumentation. As they argue they should recognise that a good argument uses evidence to justify claims and that evidence is needed to oppose claims others make. Students will also develop a set of criteria for themselves which will help others recognise a vegetable.

Teachers are going to foster scientific reasoning and develop transversal skills.

#### **Preparation**

#### **Materials**

#### List of materials:

 1 aubergine, red pepper, tomato, onion, parsnip, pea (or bean), cabbage, courgette, carrot, potato. 5 or more unusual specimens, e.g. plantain, avocado, chopping boards, knives, photocopies of sheets F5, F6, F7

#### Technical backline:

No technical backline needed. Preparation phase: Computer, Laminator, Printer

# **Activity type/strategy**

Knowing / Comprehending / understanding	, ,,	Lower order thinking	ng	+	ligher order think	ing
		•	Applying	Analyzing		Creating
		• Discussion	Practice			

Illustrations, Examples, Comprehending, Discussion, Practice, Problem solving

#### **Delivery sequence**

## **Epidemiological suitability**





Is the activity suitable for execution in stricter epidemiological restrictions?  ☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ Partly  The teacher has to make sure that students keep distance to each other while working together.  Is the activity suitable for execution in an online setting? Please tick one of the boxes.  ☐ Yes ☒ No ☐ Partly  Can the activity be sequenced? I. e. divided into smaller parts which could function as standalone part which could maybe even be integrated into other activities.		
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☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Partly		
Step 1		
Step Introduction/Preparation Phase Step duration 15 -25		
type/strategy: (minutes): 13 -23		
Keywords: senses; language; justifying - evidence cards		
Subaims: Social competence (" the willingness and ability to deal with others in a		
What teaching aims rational and responsible manner) and communication. There are different	nt	
are you fulfilling methods of diving the groups. You have to think about the method you		
with this part of the would like to use. It depends on the group you are working with. Prepar	·e	
sequence? and copy the material.		
Step by step description:		
o Tell the teachers that you are going to the whole acitivity (same set up as with the children	en	
in class).		
$\circ$ Then tell the teachers that they are going to work as teams of botanists who are looking	at	
parts of plants to identify those parts we eat.		
<ul> <li>Emphasise that they will firstly use their senses – seeing, touching, smelling – to help</li> </ul>		
them identify the vegetable before they move on to cutting them up.		
<ul> <li>Highlight the language they will need for this lesson.</li> </ul>		
o Divide the teachers into groups of 3; one to explain their thoughts, one to ask questions		
and one to make notes (the scribe will not talk at all until the plenary).		
o Distribute one specimen (see the materials list) – it can be a different one for each group	),	
and a set of evidence cards to each group, enlarge sheet F6, photocopy, cut up and		
laminate. They will use their senses and their evidence cards as they examine each		
vegetable.		
The aim is for the teachers to use the language on the cards to justify their claim that their		
vegetable is for, example, a carrot and not a cabbage. They will write their initial		
conclusion in their science notebook. They should also note what additional evidence they need to be certain.		
Interpretation & Make sure that everyone has understood the task (worst case: devoting	j	
analysis more time to this stage). Answering any upcoming questions. You can discuss different group dividing methods, but discuss all of the		
(for teacher trainers) discuss different group dividing methods, but discuss all of the preparation steps after the game is played. Try to create a situation like	in	
a classroom. Teachers are now like students. Help them change roles.	11.1	
Each teacher gets the material for free, or the information where to		
download the material. Tell them at the beginning, that they will get the	4	
material.		





Experiment phase	Step duration	20-35
	(minutes):	20-33
Experiment; Analysis; Reasoning		
Teachers should learn how to guide	experiments and he	ow to teach
scientific reasoning.		
-		
ption:		
<ul> <li>Work with each group and ask what more evidence they need to complete the activity.</li> </ul>		
Discuss how they will do this. They will need to cut up specimens to complete their		
analysis		
	Experiment; Analysis; Reasoning Teachers should learn how to guide scientific reasoning.  ption: group and ask what more evidence the	Experiment; Analysis; Reasoning  Teachers should learn how to guide experiments and he scientific reasoning.  ption: group and ask what more evidence they need to comple

- o Teachers cut up the specimens and add their final decision and reasons to the notes in their science notebook.

Interpretation &	Make sure that teachers do this activity in order to find out which
analysis	challenges students could face at this stage.
(for teacher	
trainers)	

Step 3			
Step	Reasoning phase	Step duration (minutes):	15-30
type/strategy:		(minutes):	13-30
Keywords:	Reasoning; Discussion		
Subaims:	Teachers should support their decisi	ons scientifically an	d have to work in
What teaching aims	groups and give feedback.		
are you fulfilling			
with this part of the			
sequence?			

## Step by step description:

- o Whole class plenary. The scribe speaks for each group. Ask groups in turn what their first specimen was and what part of the plant it came from. Ask the group what their response would be to anyone who disagreed with them.
- o Each group now has to make an evidence card for the unusual specimen on sheet F6.
- o Each group explains the criteria used for this evidence card to help others decide what the unusual specimen is and what part of the plant it comes from. Ask the teachers to note their ideas about using evidence to identifying vegetables in their science notebook.
- o At the end hand out "teachers' notes". These notes might be helpful for the trained teachers to work in class with the students.
- o Engage the teachers in a discussion about the material. Discuss possible improvements and practicality in class.

Interpretation &	Make sure that the teachers understand how to guide "scientific
analysis	reasoning". Ask them about possible challenges that might arise in the
(for teacher	classroom.
trainers)	





Wrap up & sequence interpretation		
Sequence interpretation	This activity is a great starting activity to teach students scientific	
& analysis	reasoning on a primary level or in lower secondary school.	
(for teacher trainings)		
Evaluation/assesment		
Feedback forms		

# **Questions to teachers:**

- 1) How did you enjoy the material? (Scale)
- 2) Would you do the lesson?
- 3) Are there any suggestions to improve the material?
- 4) How can I argue the goals of the lesson (Scientific argument/ Nature of science)?

Annex A: Profiling a vegetable PDF